

Motivation Questionnaire

Employee Motivation Report

Name Mr Sample Candidate

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Employee Motivation Report

Introduction

This report describes the factors that are likely to have an impact on Sample's motivation at work.

It provides a high level summary of Sample's motivators and demotivators followed by more detailed information on what is likely to motivate and demotivate Sample at work including tips and suggestions on how to keep him motivated.

This report is based on Sample's responses to the Motivation Questionnaire (MQ). The accuracy of this report depends on the frankness with which he answered the questions as well as his self-awareness.

This report has a shelf-life of 18-24 months and should be treated confidentially. If there are major changes in Sample's life or work he should complete the MQ again.

Summary

Sample's key motivators and demotivators are summarised below. Typically, focusing on areas that are highly motivating or demotivating is most effective.

To maximise the value of this information it is important to confirm with Sample what motivates him, and to discuss with him the impact of this in his current or future role.

Highly Motivating

Achievement Recognition Personal Growth Progression

Moderately Motivating

Power Ease and Security Interest Autonomy

Highly Demotivating

Competition Immersion

Moderately Demotivating

Fear of Failure Flexibility Material Reward Status

Highly Motivating

The following are likely to <u>highly motivate</u> Sample:

Achievement	Strongly motivated by overcoming challenges, hitting targets and being stretched as an individual.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Could be strongly energised by a challenge and by being professionally stretched 		Undemanding work could be very frustrating
 Being able to achieve targets is likely to be a major motivator 		Lack of targets is very likely to demotivate
Goal-setting is likely to be very energising		
 Very likely to enjoy a culture that emphasises achieving difficult targets 		
Tips and suggestions on how to motivate Sample:		
Check what constitutes a challenging target for Sample		e
Provide work that will challenge Sample's abilities		
Set targets that will give Sam	Set targets that will give Sample something to strive for	
 Involve Sample in setting his own targets and measures of success, or get him to set some himself and ensure they are realistic 		

- Always celebrate success when Sample meets difficult targets, particularly ones he had a hand in setting himself
- Ensure that Sample does not sacrifice quality of delivery of essential elements by setting himself unrealistic targets that go beyond what is required

Recognition	Highly motivated by praise and other outward signs of recognition for achievements.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Praise and positive feedback is likely to be a strong source of motivation Recognition for a job well done is likely to be very energising Little or no praise for contributions is likely to be very demotivating 		Likely to be highly demotivated by a lack of support
Tips and suggestions on how to motivate Sample		e:

- Check what forms of praise and recognition are most meaningful to Sample
- Ensure that you praise his good work
- Do not praise Sample too much or too often, as this will dilute the impact of praise when given
- Stress what the particular benefits of Sample's work have been
- Emphasise how useful Sample's work has been whenever it proves helpful in unanticipated ways
- Celebrate success publicly if all members of the team are motivated by recognition

Personal Growth		Highly motivated by opportunities for further training and development and the acquisition of new skills.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives	
 Likely to find opportunities for learning new skills very motivating Personal development is likely to be a strong source of motivation Very likely to enjoy spending time with and learning from colleagues 		 Could be very discouraged by a lack of opportunity for self-development 	
Tips and suggestions on how to motivate Sample:			
 Check what constitutes genuine personal development and growth for Sample Check what Sample's preferred learning styles are 			

- Provide Sample with opportunities to acquire new skills and knowledge
- Ensure that Sample is not required to rely solely on his existing skills and knowledge in all aspects of his work
- Ensure that Sample's objectives include at least one where he will need to learn new skills
- Talk to Sample about his career aspirations and what skills he will need to move forward

Progression	Highly motivated by having opportunities for promotion.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Promotion and career advancement are likely to be very strong drivers Likely to be strongly motivated by opportunities for career development Highly likely to be energised by fast-track promotion systems 		 Lack of opportunity for promotion is likely to significantly demotivate Highly likely to be frustrated by unfair promotion decisions

Tips and suggestions on how to motivate Sample:

- Check what constitutes good promotion prospects for Sample
- Encourage Sample to put a career plan together
- Try to find opportunities for Sample that will increase his skills in areas he will need to advance
- Look for opportunities for Sample to work in environments that will increase his visibility in the organisation
- If there are no real opportunities for Sample to advance in the near future, look for ways to encourage Sample to develop skills that will make him more promotable in future
- Examine sideways moves for Sample to gain extra experience as well as promotion. Look at special projects and make it clear to Sample what you are doing and why you are doing it

Moderately Motivating

The following are likely to moderately motivate Sample:

Likely Positives		
		Likely Negatives
 Likely to be motivated by responsibility and control Could find opportunities for managing people or situations energising 		 Lack of responsibility is likely to demotivate No input in decision making is likely to be frustrating
Tips and suggestions on how	w to motivate Sampl	• e:
Check what constitutes "exer	cising authority" and "tal	king responsibility" for Sample
Ensure that Sample has opport	ortunities to take on new	responsibilities
Involve Sample in decision-m	naking processes	
Encourage Sample to express	s his opinions and to try t	to influence others in a constructive manner
 Delegate some responsibility to Sample or put him in situations where he will have the opportunity to be in charge and exercise authority 		
 Reward Sample when he use authority in a positive manne 		e to motivate and encourage others, or when he uses his
Free and Convitu	Motivated by feeling secure about job and position, and by contextual factors, such as pleasant working conditions.	
Ease and Security	as pleasant working co	nditions.
Likely Positives	as pleasant working co	nditions.
	portant	

- Ensure that Sample's working environment is comfortable
- It may be beneficial to try to introduce some "safe risk" into Sample's role, where failure can be viewed as a learning opportunity
- If possible, emphasise Sample's job security and longer-term job prospects
- If long-term job security is unlikely, be honest and upfront
- Try to keep Sample informed as much as possible during periods of uncertainty and insecurity

Interest	Motivated by jobs that provide variety, interest and stimulation.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Likely to find variety in work quite motivating Work seen as stimulating or interesting is likely to motivate Likely to enjoy being creative 		 Routine tasks are likely to frustrate and demotivate
 Tips and suggestions on how to motivate Sample: Check what constitutes variety for Sample Check what interests Sample most and try to include elements of this in his work Ensure that Sample's work is varied When deciding Sample's objectives, ask him to make some suggestions Avoid setting too many routine tasks for Sample 		elements of this in his work

• When routine tasks are essential, encourage Sample to find ways to explore new approaches or improve efficiency in undertaking them

Autonomy	Motivated by being given scope to organise own approach to work.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Having opportunities to work independently is a likely source of motivation Being allowed to use initiative is likely to motivate 		Regular close supervision is likely to demotivateA lack of autonomy is likely to demotivate
 Tips and suggestions on how to motivate Sample: Check what constitutes autonomy for Sample Try to take a relatively "hands off" approach to managing him Set Sample's objectives and measures and then let him decide hew to achieve them, as long as they meat the 		

- Set Sample's objectives and measures and then let him decide how to achieve them, as long as they meet the measures agreed
- As far as practical, ensure that you allow Sample to structure his own approach to work
- Be sensitive to Sample's need for empowerment and do not impose too many constraints
- Ensure that Sample has the support, materials and means of communication to work independently. Jointly agree communication methods, styles and frequency

Highly Demotivating

The following are likely to <u>highly demotivate</u> Sample:

Competition	Extremely demotivated by being benchmarked and compared with others.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
Is far more likely to be motivated by cooperation rather than competition		 Likely to be extremely demotivated by a competitive culture Being compared and benchmarked against others is very likely to undermine motivation The prospect of having to beat targets could be very demotivating A competitive environment could be very demotivating

Tips and suggestions on how to prevent Sample becoming demotivated:

- Check what constitutes a competitive environment for Sample
- Ensure you focus on Sample's performance relative to goals instead of relative to other people
- Don't put Sample in a situation where he has to outperform colleagues in order to do well
- If the environment is naturally competitive, try to shield Sample from some of the harsher aspects of competing
- Set targets that focus on the team achieving the desired result. Measure success by the whole team's achievement, rather than focusing purely on Sample's contribution

Immersion	Extremely demotivated by work that requires commitment beyond normal working hours.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Likely to be highly motivated by being able to work normal hours 		 Beyond the occasional extra work requirement such as business travel or end-of-year accounting, the prospect of regular additional hours is likely to be very unappealing
Having a clear work-life balance is very likely to motivate		 Very unlikely to be attracted by the need for business travel
 Is likely to not be demotivated by a lack of opportunity to show commitment to work 		

Tips and suggestions on how to prevent Sample becoming demotivated:

- Check what constitutes normal working hours for Sample
- Avoid giving Sample so much to do that he will inevitably have to do some work in his personal time
- Ensure that Sample has the chance to organise his tasks at work to avoid having to work in his own time
- Only contact Sample at home about work matters if it is absolutely essential
- Encourage Sample to formulate a work-life balance that is reasonable both for himself and for the organisation
- Be a good role model for a sensible work-life balance. Ensure you leave work on time, even if only occasionally, and demonstrate that your values are about performance, not number of hours spent at work

Moderately Demotivating

The following are likely to moderately demotivate Sample:

Fear of Failure	Demotivated by possibl	e failure, criticism or the loss of self-esteem.
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Will probably prefer work where the prospect of failure is low Is likely to find a blame-free culture motivating 		 Can become discouraged by the prospect of doing badly Likely to find undue criticism demotivating

Tips and suggestions on how to prevent Sample becoming demotivated:

- Sensitively check what constitutes failure for Sample
- Avoid setting Sample objectives that are so unrealistic that he is unlikely to succeed no matter how hard he tries
- Ensure you provide Sample with sufficient support so that he does not feel exposed to the likelihood of failure
- Encourage Sample to come to you if he has any problems or issues
- If Sample appears to have disconnected from a particular task, sensitively explore the reasons why with him
- Structure any feedback to Sample so it is balanced, emphasises success and includes practical ways he can realistically improve his performance

Flexibility	Demotivated by the absence of clearly defined structures and procedures for managing tasks.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 Probably prefers an environment that offers clear rules and systems Likely to enjoy a process-driven or transactional way of working 		 Ambiguity or vague guidelines may well frustrate The prospect of unexpected change is likely to demotivate

Tips and suggestions on how to prevent Sample becoming demotivated:

- Check what constitutes clearly defined structures and guidelines for Sample
- Ensure that Sample has clear structures, guidelines and objectives to work with
- Ask Sample to summarise your requirements back to you, and ensure that everything is clearly understood by both of you
- Work with Sample to manage his time, helping him to maintain clear priorities, structures and measures
- Encourage Sample to break complex or long projects down into clearer, more manageable tasks
- If Sample is working in a fluid environment, try to provide elements of structure for his particular tasks

Material Reward	Not particularly motivated by financial reward.	
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives
 A pay increase is likely to be seen as a pleasant reward rather than as a motivator May be looking for other aspects of the job to enhance motivation rather than just financial aspects 		 Lack of equity in the distribution of rewards may demotivate
Tips and suggestions on how to prevent Sample becoming demotivated:		

- Check what constitutes fair remuneration for Sample
- As far as you can, ensure that salaries, bonuses and other financial rewards are awarded equitably
- Ask Sample what alternatives he can suggest to financial reward and apply where it is practical to do so
- Ensure you use praise, recognition and positive reinforcement of Sample's successes. Do not rely on organisational mechanisms such as bonus schemes to motivate him

Status	Less motivated by outward signs of position and status, and recognition of rank.		
Likely Positives		Likely Negatives	
 Could be motivated by an environment without obvious indicators of rank and status May be slightly energised by a working environment that downplays job titles, hierarchies and level 		 May be put off by a working environment that is status-conscious May find the notion of status demotivating 	
Tips and suggestions on how to prevent Sample becoming demotivated:			

- Check what constitutes over-emphasis on status and signs of rank for Sample
- Try to not act impressed by status symbols in front of Sample
- If possible, ensure Sample's role title reflects his expertise rather than his rank (e.g. "...expert" not "...manager")
- Look at Sample's reputation in terms of the value of his contribution to the business rather than in terms of rank or position. Support him in gaining an excellent reputation and the respect of others
- Focus on what Sample achieves rather than his rank

Little or no impact

These are the areas likely to have little or no impact on Sample's motivation:

Level of Activity	The extent to which someone is motivated by having lots to do, working under time pressure and getting work completed.
Commercial Outlook	Commercial outlook deals with the extent to which someone is motivated by revenue and profit.
Affiliation	Affiliation is concerned with the extent to which someone is motivated by opportunities for interaction with other people in their work.
Personal Principles	The extent to which someone is motivated by being able to uphold ideals and conform to high ethical and quality standards.

ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

This Profile is based upon the following sources of information for Mr Sample Candidate:

Questionnaire / Ability Test	Comparison Group
MQ UK English v1 (Std Inst)	MQM5 UKE UK General Population 2000

PERSON DETAIL SECTION

Name	Mr Sample Candidate
Candidate Data	E1 = 24/6, E2 = 35/8, E3 = 10/1, E4 = 18/5, E5 = 29/7, E6 = 8/1, E7 = 25/4, S1 = 25/3, S2 = 39/10, S3 = 26/3, S4 = 32/6, S5 = 40/10, I1 = 34/8, I2 = 20/4, I3 = 32/7, X1 = 19/1, X2 = 39/10, X3 = 16/1
Report	Employee Motivation Report v2.0 RE

ABOUT THIS REPORT

This report was generated using SHL's Online Assessment System. It includes information from the Motivation Questionnaire (MQ). The use of this questionnaire is limited to those people who have received specialist training in its use and interpretation.

The report herein is generated from the results of a questionnaire answered by the respondent(s) and substantially reflects the answers made by them. Due consideration must be given to the subjective nature of questionnaire-based ratings in the interpretation of this data.

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