

Entry Level Customer Service Retail and Contact Center 7.1 (International) Candidate Report

Candidate name:

Sample Sdsdf

Disclaimer:

Information enclosed on these pages is confidential in nature and is intended only for the person(s) to whom it pertains or other authorised individuals.

You must not rely on the information in the report as an alternative to certain advice from an appropriately qualified professional. If you have any specific questions about any specific matter you should consult an appropriately qualified professional.

Instructions

This report is designed to give you information about your relative strengths and weaknesses on the competencies known to be important for success in this type of job. In addition, the report provides valuable on-the-job tips and suggestions to help you excel in the workplace.

The score that you receive describes how your responses compared against our database of responses consisting of your peers. The assessment that you have taken has been scientifically validated by up to 30 years of statistical data collection and analysis. People who score higher on the dimensions tend to perform better on the job in the key areas outlined in the report.

The developmental tips that you receive are intended to help you improve your skills for each specific competency. All of us, regardless of our scores, can improve our job performance by following appropriate developmental solutions and strategically focusing on areas that may require improvement. A commitment to personal improvement signifies initiative and developmental planning, both of which are important to job performance. Try using this feedback to formulate specific development plans that relate to your work goals and objectives. Don't try to do everything at once, as personal development does not happen overnight. If you score in the 'Red Zone', this may be an area where you want to focus your developmental efforts. Even if you score well it is still important for you to use the developmental tips to leverage your strength in this competency.

This report is confidential and its contents are intended to assist in the prediction of an applicant's work behaviour. Please note that the assessment components included in this solution report are not weighted equally. Some of the components are broad measures of behaviour and some are more narrow. Competencies denoted by an asterisk (*) are measures of narrow behaviours. While these behaviours are important to the overall score, they are not weighted as heavily when compared to other components in this solution. Our research indicates this weighting best predicts job performance. If you would like more information about this report (including scoring) or other products that SHL offers, please contact your account representative.

Customer Focus



This is a measure of the tendency to show persistent enthusiasm when interacting with customers. This trait is characterised by: apologising sincerely for inconveniences; being patient; tolerating rude customers calmly; and searching for information or products for customers.

You are more likely than other candidates to be irritated by customers' requests. You may have a tendency to argue with customers if the customers do not agree with you. You may be slower than your co-workers at processing customers' transactions and finding information for customers.

- Greet customers with a smile.
- Handle customer business quickly and efficiently.
- Be open, friendly, and accepting of customers.
- Take the extra time to help customers find products or information that is not readily available.
- Remain calm with rude or irritated customers at all times.
- Avoid arguing with customers and making negative remarks.
- If a customer gets angry, attempt to calm him/her down by giving him/her a number of options.
- Maintain a dress style and appearance in accordance with your organisation's image and values.
- Do not swear or use inappropriate language around customers.

Understands others*



This measures the extent to which the candidate observes and analyses behaviour to understand others' reactions and perspectives.

You are likely to try and understand the behaviour of others and show some awareness of others' points of view.

- When interacting with someone else in a difficult situation, pay close attention to the behaviours they display. Think about how the situation the person is facing is leading to their behaviour. Show you understand by listening to what they have to say.
- When you are trying to understand another person's behaviour, try to think of a similar situation in the past that you've experienced and how you reacted. If you are struggling to come up with a similar experience, it's okay to just listen and say you are trying to understand.

Listens effectively*



This measures the extent to which the candidate listens patiently and attentively.

You may interrupt others at inappropriate times, preferring to be the one doing the talking. You may be too quick to form an opinion.

- **Encourage friends and acquaintances to tell you about things they have on their mind. Listen carefully, and make minimal interruptions. Try to summarise for them what their situation is and what they feel about it. Get feedback from them on how accurate you have been in picking up their feelings and thoughts.**
- **When you are listening to someone, face the person who is speaking and make eye contact. Do not interrupt them; wait for the person to stop speaking and then ask any questions you have. You may find it helpful to write the questions down as the person is speaking.**

Shows courtesy*

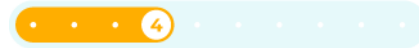


This measures the extent to which the candidate is patient, polite and respectful.

You are likely to treat almost everyone with courtesy, patience, politeness and respect.

- **Try not to judge others. Work on paying attention to your inner thoughts and feelings to catch yourself whenever you are being judgemental. Instead of judging someone, try to understand the person instead. Think of a time when you've been in a similar situation and how you reacted.**
- **Use positive language when you disagree with someone. Rather than saying "you are wrong" or "how could you think that?" say "I understand your point, but I do not agree." Work to speak positively on issues even when you personally disagree with them.**

Maintains good working relationships*



This measures the extent to which the candidate puts effort into developing good relationships with others.

You may not place a high value on your work relationships and may be less likely to act in ways that strengthen these relationships over time.

- **Try to establish a more personal relationship with your colleagues. Take time to discuss non-work topics. Make a note of what helped you establish these relationships and continue using those behaviours when creating new connections.**
- **Seek opportunities to assist your colleagues even if they are small tasks. Allow others to return the favour and assist you even if you don't need it. Continue to offer your assistance to different colleagues both inside and outside your team and leverage these relationships when appropriate.**

Creates a positive impression*



This measures the extent to which the candidate manages own behaviour to create a positive impression.

You are likely to be concerned about your appearance and make a good impression.

- **Learn from someone else. Identify a colleague or a friend who appears to be effective in maintaining a professional demeanour with all types of people. Watch how this person works with others. How can you enhance your own behaviours based on what you learned?**
- **Maintain a positive attitude. Especially when speaking with customers, it is important to remain positive. Whenever you are starting to feel frustrated or impatient, learn to calm down, think about your body language and tone of voice, and aim to compose yourself.**

Adapts to change*



This measures the extent to which the candidate accepts and adapts to changes without difficulty.

You may be uncomfortable with changes and need to work harder to adapt to new changes.

- **Think positively about change. Focus on a change which you decided not to make and now regret. What would the advantages and benefits have been of making this change? What have been the consequences of not changing?**
- **Work towards being more open to change. Don't resist change too much, as it will make the change process much harder if you are inflexible. Look at the change from a different viewpoint and see where you could apply your skills and knowledge, and what new skills you need to acquire, to adapt to the change.**

Copes with uncertainty*



This measures the extent to which the candidate is productive when roles and situations are not clearly defined.

You may feel uncomfortable and insecure without definite information and clear direction, and your productivity might suffer as a result.

- **Think about a time recently when things were uncertain. How did you cope? What did you find most challenging? Find someone you believe copes well in challenging situations, and discuss a few strategies with them which you might try next time you are faced with a similar situation.**
- **If you feel worried about uncertainty in your work environment, think about using your close friendships and hobbies in order to relax. Consider finding out more about relaxation strategies that could help you in uncertain times.**

Controls emotions*



This measures the extent to which the candidate keeps negative emotions under control.

You may become frustrated in challenging situations and find it difficult to hide these feelings from others at times.

- **Consider using some strategies to help you manage your emotions. For example, if someone has said something which has made you angry, count to 10 in your head before you respond. Take time to gather your thoughts and express yourself without displaying your emotions.**
- **It would be worth spending time reflecting on how you manage your emotions. Try to develop a more positive mindset. How you view a situation often determines how you approach it. Instead of believing that troubling things just happen to you, think of what you can do to respond positively.**

Strives to achieve*

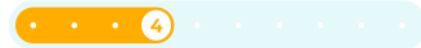


This measures the extent to which the candidate sets demanding goals and makes a determined effort to meet or exceed them.

You are likely to set goals that are somewhat demanding but still achievable and you put in good effort to complete them.

- **After clarifying goals and identifying challenges, focus on execution of your work. Make sure you have time to achieve your more difficult goals. Put some time in your schedule to tackle the most difficult goals.**
- **Try to increase the number of challenging goals you set for yourself rather than playing it safe. Identifying challenging goals will show other people that you are committed to your role and interested in progressing your career.**

Improves own performance*



This measures the extent to which the candidate seeks development opportunities in order to improve their own performance.

You may place little emphasis on improving your own performance and may miss important opportunities to develop.

- **While you may naturally seek to avoid taking risks when gaining new experience, realise that learning requires some risk. Look for opportunities that involve taking on small risks at first and then move on to larger learning opportunities.**
- **Think about your future career as well as your current role. What would you like to develop and what do you need to do to get there? Be persistent in the face of such challenge in order to benefit from learning opportunities.**